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**OFFICE OF THE ADDL. DIRECTOR OF VIGILANCE
DELHI JAL BOARD, GOVT. OF N.C.T. OF DELHI
VARUNALAYA PH-II: KAROL BAGH, NEW DELHI**

No. DJB/ADOV/2007

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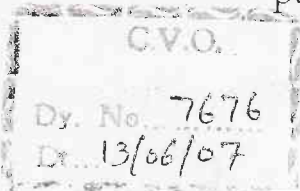
Dated:

12 JUN 2007

Sub :- Mobilisation Advance.

Central Vigilance Commission vide their circular no. 4CC-1-CTE-2 dated 10.04.07 has circulated fresh instructions in supercession of earlier guidelines on the subject matter, for strict and immediate compliance.

A copy of the same is, accordingly, enclosed herewith for further circulation among the EEs / AEs. The said circular as well as other details / instructional orders in respect of various other issues / technical & general parameters are also available on Commission's website www.cvc.nic.in which can be accessed as frequently as possible by the concerned.



(R.S.Godbole)

Addl. Director of Vigilance

All Chief Engineers/ Superintending Engineers

Encl.: As above

Copy to:

1. CEO for kind information
2. Mem (F)/ Mem (W) / Mem (Dr)/CVO
3. Dir (F &A)

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Addl. Director of Vigilance

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No.4CC-1-CTE-2
Government of India
Central Vigilance Commission

Satarkta Bhawan, Block -A,
4th Floor, GPO Complex,
INA, NEW DELHI-110 023.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM / 10 APR 2007
CIRCULAR No. 10/4/07

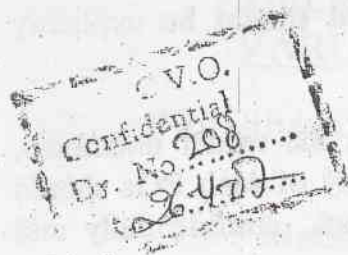
Sub: Mobilisation Advance

Commission has reviewed the existing guidelines on 'Mobilisation Advance' issued vide OM No.UU/POL/18 dated:08.12.97 and OM No. 4CC-1-CTE-2, dated 08.06.2004.

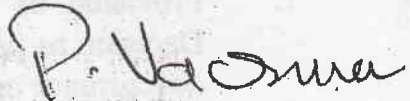
The following guidelines are issued in supercession of earlier guidelines issued by the Commission on 'Mobilisation Advance'

1. Provision of mobilization advance should essentially be need-based. Decision to provide such advance should rest at the level of Board (with concurrence of Finance) in the organization.
2. Though the Commission does not encourage interest free mobilization advance, but, if the Management feels its necessity in specific cases, then it should be clearly stipulated in the tender document and its recovery should be time-based and not linked with progress of work. This would ensure that even if the contractor is not executing the work or executing it at a slow pace, the recovery of advance could commence and scope for misuse of such advance could be reduced.
3. Part 'Bank Guarantees' (BGs) against the mobilization advance should be taken in as many numbers as the proposed recovery instalments and should be equivalent to the amount of each instalment. This would ensure that at any point of time even if the contractor's money on account of work done is not available with the organization, recovery of such advance could be ensured by encashing the BG for the work supposed to be completed within a particular period of time.
4. There should be a clear stipulation of interest to be charged on delayed recoveries either due to the late submission of bill by the contractor or any other reason besides the reason giving rise to the encashment of BG, as stated above.

Uy. No. 55/66
Dt. 2.6.4.07
Delhi Jal Board



5. The amount of mobilisation advance; interest to be charged, if any; its recovery schedule and any other relevant detail should be explicitly stipulated in the tendered document upfront.
6. Relevant format for BG should be provided in the tender document, which should be enforced strictly and authenticity of such BGs should also be invariably verified from the issuing bank, confidentially and independently by the organization.
7. In case of 'Machinery and Equipment advance', insurance and hypothecation to the employer should be ensured.
8. Utilization certificate from the contractor for the mobilization advance should be obtained. Preferably, mobilization advance should be given in instalments and subsequent instalments should be released after getting satisfactory utilisation certificate from the contractor for the earlier instalment.


(P. VARMA)
Chief Technical Examiner

Copy to :-

All CVOs : Ministries / Departments / PSUs / Banks / Uts.